

		Land R	esource l	mpacts: To	own of Newmarket (acres)			
Resource Type	Name	Se	a Level Scen	arios	Poseureo Tyrno	Name	Se	a Level Scen	rios
kesource Type	Name	1.7 feet	4.0 feet	6.3 feet	Resource Type	Name	1.7 feet	4.0 feet	6.3 feet
_	Billeter	1.36	1.57	1.80	Conservation Lands	Pitman	0.01	0.14	0.44
	Common Open Space	0.00	0.00	0.27		Popov Waterfront	0.03	0.15	0.41
	Continental Advisors	0.00	0.01	0.07		Sandy Point	0.00	0.00	0.06
	Crommet & Lubberland Creek	12.99	17.23	21.30		TNC/Atherton	0.00	0.01	0.03
Conservation Lands	Heron Point Open Space	0.04	0.16	0.40		Tier 1	77.77	139.20	190.25
Conservation Lands	Lamprey River Shorebank Access	0.00	0.02	0.07		ner i	//.//	139.20	190.23
	Levy Easement/Fee	4.27	26.71	34.61	Wildlife Action Plan	Tier 2	0.38	2.19	7.45
	Moody Point Open Space	11.88	17.56	25.64	Wildlife Action Flan	Her 2	0.36	2.19	7.45
	Palmisciano-Ahlgren	0.11	0.71	1.81		Tier 3	0.40	1.38	5.70
	Pearson Easement	4.48	6.15	7.76		Her 3	0.40	1.30	5.70

Land Res	esource Totals (acres)					
D	Sea Level Scenarios					
Resource Type	1.7 feet	4.0 feet	6.3 feet			
Conservation Lands	35.1 <i>7</i>	70.42	94.67			
Wildlife Action Plan	78.55	142.77	203.40			
Total(s) Combined	113.72	213.19	298.07			



The Climate Risk in the Seacoast: Assessing Vulnerability of Municipal Assets and Resources to Climate Change (C-RiSe) project provides maps and assessments of flood impacts to infrastructure and natural resources in the coastal Great Bay region associated with projected increases in storm surge, sea level, and precipitation.

TOWN OF NEWMARKET

Map 7: Land Resources Sea-Level Rise 1.7', 4.0', 6.3'

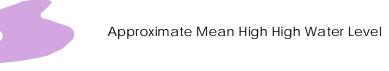
SLR Legend

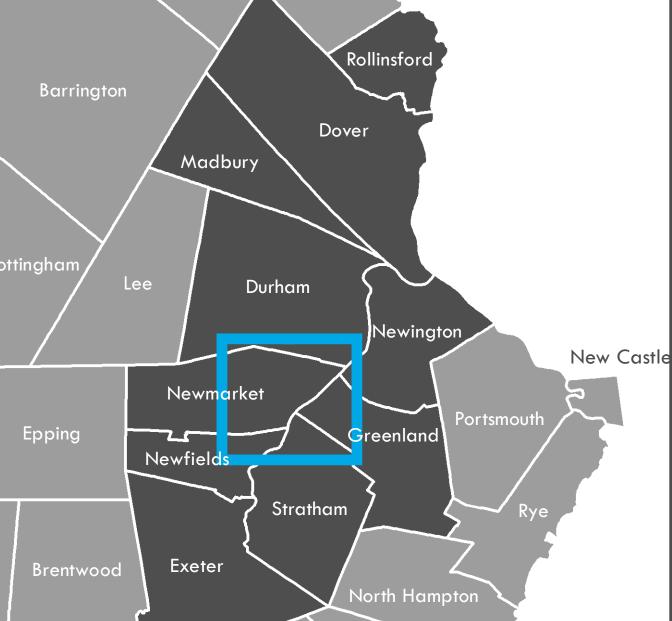
Impact Legend

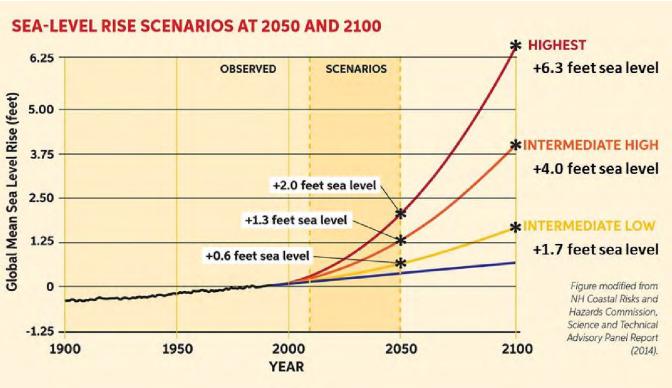
Extent of Sea-Level Rise 1.7' Extent of Sea-Level Rise 4.0'



Extent of Sea-Level Rise 6.3'







Sea-Level Rise Scenarios

Please note that the sea-level rise scenarios used in this assessment were derived from the Wake, 2011 report (refer to table of values below from this report). These scenarios were selected prior to the release of the Science and Technical Advisory Panel Report to the N.H. Coastal Risks & Hazards Commission, in August, 2014 [1]. While slightly different than the scenarios cited in that report, they yield coverage estimates that are within the mapping margin of error.

[1] Wake CP, Kirshen P, Huber M, Knuuti K, and Stampone M (2014) Sea-level Rise, Storm Surges, and Extreme Precipitation in Coastal New Hampshire: Analysis of Past and Projected Future Trends, prepared by the Science and Technical Advisory Panel (STAP) for the New Hampshire Coastal Risks and Hazards Commission.

	2050		2100	
	Lower	Higher	Lower	Higher
Current Elevation of MHHW a,b	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4
100-Year Flood Height	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8
Subsidence	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Eustatic SLR	1.0	1.7	2.5	6.3
Total Stillwater Elevation a,c	12.2	12.9	13.7	17.5

Table 13. Estimates (in feet) of future 100-year flood Stillwater elevations at Fort Point under lower and higher emission scenarios (relative to NAVD88) based on the statistical analysis presented in this report.

Wake CP, E Burakowski, E Kelsey, K Hayhoe, A Stoner, C Watson, E Douglas (2011) Climate Change in the Piscataqua/Great Bay Region: Past, Present, and Future. Carbon Solutions New England Report for the Great Bay (New Hampshire) Stewards."

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under Section 309 of the CZMA

(16 U.S.C. § 1456b).

Date: 12/15/2016 Author: MS/RP/JL/KP Path: M:\Region\Project_Special_Merit\Mapping\Final_Maps_By_Community\Newmarket\Newmarket_LandRes_1_3.mxd

Data sets were retrieved from the NH GRANIT database, December, 2015. Digital data in NH GRANIT represent the efforts of the contributing agencies to record information from the cited source materials. Earth Systems Research Center (ESRC), under contract to the Office of Energy & Planning (OEP), and in consultation with cooperating agencies, maintains a continuing program to identify and correct errors in these data. Neither OEP nor ERSC make any claim as to the validity or reliability or to any implied uses of these data.

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